

## PROPOSITIONS RELATIVES

### A) Choisissez la bonne réponse.

1. What is the name of the person who / which is in charge of orders?
2. Do you remember the restaurant why / where you proposed to me?
3. Here is the file whom / - you were asking for.
4. The car whom / which is in the garage belongs to Michael.
5. Could you please tell me the reason where / why you are so late?
6. The applicant - / whose I was expecting to interview hasn't arrived.
7. The person to whom / - you are speaking is my C.E.O.
8. Do you remember who / when you used to bring me flowers every day?
9. The person whose / who flat you rent is on the phone.
10. Here we are. This is the place why / - I told you so much about.

### B) Complétez les phrases à l'aide des mots suivants : during which time, half of which, in which case, most of whom, neither of which, without which, wherever, whichever, who, whom

1. The students, \_\_\_\_\_ were taking exams, were disappointed by the teacher's absence.
2. We can go on holiday \_\_\_\_\_ you like, as long as we go somewhere!
3. To \_\_\_\_\_ it may concern. Dear sir....
4. My Internet connection, \_\_\_\_\_ I am completely lost, has been down for 3 days.
5. I love all kinds of theatre. You can choose \_\_\_\_\_ play you want to see.
6. He has many hens in his garden, \_\_\_\_\_ lay eggs every day.
7. My cousin, \_\_\_\_\_ speaks seven languages, has just been offered a job with the U.N.
8. So you're not willing to sign the contract, \_\_\_\_\_, I'm afraid our deal is off.
9. They were offered two possible business premises, \_\_\_\_\_ was any good.
10. The airports were closed for many days, \_\_\_\_\_ the airline companies lost a fortune.



## QUESTIONS

### A) Trouvez le mot interrogatif manquant.

- |  |  |
|--|--|
| 1. .... are you looking so worried?                    | Because I lost my credit card.         |
| 2. .... does the concert start?                        | I think it's at eight thirty.          |
| 3. .... does it take to get to the ferry port?         | About half an hour.                    |
| 4. .... on earth did I put my calculator?              | I should think it's in your briefcase. |
| 5. .... do you think you'll have finished?             | In about half an hour.                 |
| 6. ....'s the person responsible for this mess?        | Oh, it's not me!!                      |
| 7. .... is your suitcase allowed to weigh?             | Maximum 20 kilos.                      |
| 8. .... can you travel without recharging the battery? | Only about 70 kilometres.              |
| 9. .... bags are blocking the corridor?                | Sorry, they're mine.                   |
| 10. .... train are you taking this evening?            | The earlier one.                       |

### B) Question sujet ou objet ? Choisissez la bonne réponse.

- Somebody sent me a postcard.  
a) Who sent you a postcard?    b) Who did you send a postcard?
- He went to the cinema.  
a) Which film saw he?    b) Which film did he see?
- We called someone. (Who)  
a) Who called you?    b) Who did you call?
- Someone lives in London. (Who)  
a) Who does live in London?    b) Who lives in London?
- Something happened in school yesterday.  
a) What happened?    b) What did happen?
- A car won the race by a hair's breadth.  
a) Which car did win?    b) Which car won?
- Someone has broken the shredder.  
a) Who broke it?    b) Who did it break?
- Some passengers have missed the plane.  
a) Who did miss the plane?    b) Who missed the plane?

### C) Reliez la question à la réponse.

- |   |  |
|---|--|
| 1. Did you go to the party last night?                      | A. I haven't found his e-mail address yet.           |
| 2. Are you Dutch?   | B. The weather forecaster said it would rain.        |
| 3. Haven't I seen you somewhere before?                     | C. I'd rather you didn't.                            |
| 4. Have you ever been to New York?                          | D. Oh, I'm used to travelling around.                |
| 5. Could you meet me in the town centre at 10?              | E. Actually, I haven't been invited.                 |
| 6. It's always difficult to settle in a new town, isn't it? | F. I've got too much work on for that kind of thing. |
| 7. Can you send the e-mail to the supplier?                 | G. I'm afraid I can't.                               |
| 8. Will it be nice and sunny tomorrow?                      | H. I'm going next week.                              |
| 9. Would you mind if I opened the window?                   | I. I'm John's sister-in-law.                         |
| 10. Are you going to the conference next week?              | J. Well, I was brought up in Germany but...          |

### D) Quelle nuance apporte la question négative ?

*Expecting a positive answer – persuasion – surprise – suggestion – criticism*

- Wouldn't it be better to take the motorway, the weather's awful?
- Didn't you tell them we were going to be late?
- Haven't you read that book before, it reminds me of something?
- Can't you just do what I ask without always making things difficult?
- Why don't we just give them a bottle of champagne?

**E) Les questions que l'on confond. Reliez la question à la réponse**

- |                                      |  |
|--------------------------------------|--|
| 1. How is she ?                      | A. She prefers a nice love story.            |
| 2. What is your brother like?        | B. How do you do?                            |
| 3. What does she look like?          | C. I'm a translator.                         |
| 4. Who does she look like?           | D. Lots of sport and painting.               |
| 5. What does she like?               | E. She's very well, I think.                 |
| 6. What sort of movie does she like? | F. He's big and bossy!                       |
| 7. How do you do?                    | G. On the rocks please.                      |
| 8. How are you?                      | H. She's got long straight hair and glasses. |
| 9. What do you do?                   | I. Fine thank you, and you?                  |
| 10. How do you like it?              | J. Just like her mother.                     |

**F) Reliez les questions à leur réponse.**

1. Would you mind letting me know by tomorrow?
2. Are you by any chance going to the post office?
3. I wonder if you could give me a lift to the station.
4. Why don't we organise an office party?
5. I wonder if you would mind lending me your cell phone.
6. Would you mind if I opened the window?
7. Have you any idea how this thing works?
8. Do you happen to know why the boss wants to see us?
9. Could you possibly work late tomorrow evening?
10. What media do you suggest we should advertise in?

- A. *Why not indeed!*  
B. *I guess magazines would be the best.*  
C. *Certainly, but there's not much battery left.*  
D. *I'd rather not, I've got a really bad cold.*  
E. *I'm afraid I'm not good at computers either!*  
F. *I'd rather not, it's my wife's birthday.*  
G. *Of course, but I'm leaving in 5 minutes.*  
H. *Not at all, no bother.*  
I. *I haven't the foggiest idea.*  
J. *Sorry but I've already been.*

## LES TAGS

### A) Trouvez le mot manquant.

1. I think we should invest in bonds, \_\_\_\_\_ you?
2. You know what he does for a living, \_\_\_\_\_ you?
3. You'll have finished working by the time we arrive, \_\_\_\_\_ you?
4. I'm an awful bore, \_\_\_\_\_ I?
5. They've been working all night, \_\_\_\_\_ they?
6. You wouldn't be able to fix the toilet today, \_\_\_\_\_ you?
7. Let's go to the cinema tonight, \_\_\_\_\_ we?
8. I think you'd like a glass of bubbly, \_\_\_\_\_ you?
9. So, they're going to build a new warehouse, \_\_\_\_\_ they?
10. Drive carefully, \_\_\_\_\_ you?

### B) Choisissez la (les) bonne(s) réponse(s).

1. Would you like to come for a drink?  
a) Yes, I'd love to.                      b) Yes I'd love to come.                      c) Yes, I'd love.
2. Simon's got a new job.  
a) Has Simon?                              b) Has he?                                      c) He has?
3. You're not in this group.  
a) Aren't I?                                  b) Am I not?                                  c) I am not?
4. I'm sure many of you have an idea on this, \_\_\_\_\_?  
a) isn't it?                                  b) aren't you?                                  c) don't you?
5. Turn off the radio, \_\_\_\_\_?  
a) will you?                                  b) do you?                                      c) can you?
6. He doesn't often work overtime.  
a) Nor she.                                  b) Neither does she.                                  c) She neither.
7. Could you sign the purchase order for me?  
a) It's not allowed.                      b) I'm not allowed.                      c) I'm not allowed to.
8. Will the CEO be coming to the sales conference next week?  
a) I expect so.                              b) I expect he.                                  c) I expect.
9. She's been working for them for over ten years now.  
a) She has?                                  b) Has she been?                                  c) Has she?
10. Do you think we'll increase our market share this year?  
a) I'm afraid no.                              b) I'm afraid not.                              c) I think we won't.

### C) Complétez les phrases à l'aide des mots suivants :

whether              I could              Neither              I don't              Has he  
So do I              Doesn't he              where              I can              how old

1. I hope you don't mind me asking \_\_\_\_\_ you are.
2. I think the new company policy is wonderful! – \_\_\_\_\_ it's totally inefficient.
3. Could you tell me \_\_\_\_\_ you have hidden that sensitive file? Nowhere.
4. Do you think you could possibly manage to work late tonight? I suppose \_\_\_\_\_.
5. You can't tell that he's French, can you? \_\_\_\_\_, he's got a weird accent.
6. The managers really don't want to start short time working. \_\_\_\_\_ do the workers.
7. He doesn't like waking up early in the morning. \_\_\_\_\_? It's the early bird...
8. Would you mind \_\_\_\_\_ we went now or later? I'd rather go now.
9. I often wonder what life would be like if we were wealthy. \_\_\_\_\_.
10. He's got a lot of time on his hands now he's retired. \_\_\_\_\_? Lucky him!



## TEMPS

### A) Choisissez la bonne réponse.

- Hello Bill. It's nice to see you, when 1. (A) are you got / (B) did you get here ?
- I 2. (A) arrived / (B) arrive on Friday – just in time for the golf competition on Saturday – can you imagine – 3. I (A) won / (B) winned!
- That's brilliant – I 4. (A) didn't knew / (B) didn't know you played golf. When did you start?
- About 5. (A) – / (B) there is 10 years ago. I 6. (A) have / (B) am having lessons every week and I 7. (A) play / (B) am playing in the Countryside Championship next month.
- 8. (A) Do you visit / (B) Are you visiting for the trade fair this week? I 9. (A) have come / (B) come for the new company I work for.
- That's news – when 10. (A) is / (B) did that happen?
- I 11. (A) left / (B) am leaving PLL last January, then I was on gardening leave for a while and I 12. (A) joined / (B) join MLB last June. I 13. (A) work / (B) am working in Prague at the moment, and they 14. (A) sent / (B) are sending me to Budapest next month.
- Where 15. (A) are you staying / (B) do you stay this week? I hope we're in the same hotel.
- I'm at the Marriot. I 16. (A) like / (B) am liking swimming and keeping fit in the evening.
- How lucky, I 17. (A) stay / (B) am staying at the same hotel. How about dinner this evening?
- I'm afraid I 18. (A) have / (B) am having dinner with my boss – tomorrow would be ok though.
- That's perfect. We 19. (A) ate / (B) eat together two years ago. I 20. (A) did look / (B) am looking forward to it.

### B) Présent simple/progressif – past simple/progressif. Choisissez la bonne réponse.

1. She (come) home very late last night.  
a) came                      b) come
2. How often (go) to the dentist's?  
a) are you going            b) do you go
3. When he arrived, I (have) a bath.  
a) had                        b) was having
4. Have you got a cigarette? Sorry, I (smoke).  
a) don't smoke              b) am not smoking
5. What's the temperature in this room? I (...) very cold!  
a) am                         b) have
6. Where (go)? To the sales to get some good bargains – do you want to come?  
a) do you go                b) are you going
7. You must go to the hairdresser's. Your hair (be) much too long.  
a) is                         b) are
8. She broke her glasses when she (sit) on them.  
a) was sitting               b) sat
9. While I was washing the car it suddenly (begin) to rain.  
a) began                    b) was beginning
10. The Scots (make) the best whisky in the world.  
a) make                      b) are making
11. We (have) a quarterly meeting every third month of the year.  
a) are having               b) have
12. What (eat) ? It looks delicious!  
a) do you eat                b) are you eating
13. I find that restaurants (get) more and more expensive at the moment.  
a) get                        b) are getting
14. I (know) all about what you're up to at the moment.  
a) know                     b) am knowing
15. That rose over there (smell) really wonderful.  
a) is smelling              b) smells

**C) Le présent et le passé. Quel temps utiliserez-vous pour...?**

Past perfect progressive	Simple past	Simple present	
Present progressive	Present perfect	Past progressive	
Present perfect progressive	Past perfect	Simple past	Present perfect

1. Parler de quelque chose que vous faites tous les jours, une habitude ? \_\_\_\_\_
2. Parler de quelque chose que vous faisiez fréquemment enfant ? \_\_\_\_\_
3. Parler d'un succès récent (un examen que vous avez réussi par exemple) ? \_\_\_\_\_
4. Dire ce que vous faisiez à un moment donné hier ? \_\_\_\_\_
5. Parler de quelqu'un qui n'est plus de ce monde ? \_\_\_\_\_
6. Dire que vous ne pouvez pas regarder la télé car vous avez perdu vos lunettes ? \_\_\_\_\_
7. Dire que vous êtes fatigué parce que vous avez trop nagé cet après-midi ? \_\_\_\_\_
8. Dire que vous étiez fatigué hier parce que vous aviez trop nagé hier ? \_\_\_\_\_
9. Dire que vous aviez fait quelque chose avant de faire autre chose ? \_\_\_\_\_
10. Dire que vous êtes en train de faire quelque chose ? \_\_\_\_\_

**D) Corrigez l'erreur.**

1. I am not wanting to go to the party.
2. It seems like ages since we have seen you.
3. He was much fatter there is 10 years ago.
4. He says it's a very good book, I am agreeing with him.
5. How long have you been knowing John?
6. I have been marrying to her for ten years.
7. I have lived in Paris for 4 years in 1995.
8. He did went to bed very late last night.
9. I was so tired yesterday that I was sleeping for 12 hours.
10. He have been working in New York before he moved to Zurich.

**E) BEEN ou GONE ? Choisissez la bonne réponse.**

1. He has gone / been to Paris. He isn't back yet.
2. Look at all those bags! Your wife has gone / been shopping.
3. He has never gone / been to Rome.
4. What a lot of game – you must have gone / been shooting.
5. I'm afraid Mr Jones isn't in his office. He has gone / been to play golf.
6. Look at your muddy footprints all over the floor! Sorry, I've gone / been for a walk.
7. He'll be back on Monday. He's gone / been to the seaside on holiday.
8. It's 10am. The house is empty. Everyone has gone / been to work.
9. Have you ever gone / been swimming in a lake?
10. My wife left me this note. "Gone / been out – back later". I've never seen her since!

**F) Futur. Complétez les phrases avec le verbe conjugué correctement.**

- Hello, Could I speak to Tom please?
- I'm afraid he's not here at the moment. I think he (1. 'll be back / be back) at 2 o'clock. He's on a business trip to New York.
- Oh dear. I have to talk to him as soon as possible. This afternoon I (2. am going / will going) to Edinburgh and later we (3. have/ are having) dinner at the Highland Hotel. When could I get hold of him?
- Well, his flight (4. arrives / arrive) at one thirty, I could have him paged at the airport.
- Don't worry. I (5. 'll telephone / am telephoning) our customer in a moment to make sure that he (6. will coming / is coming) to the meeting next week. At 5 o'clock I (7. am visiting / am going visit) the factory and at 6 o'clock I (8. will be seeing / will seeing) the accountant.
- Well, if you're sure I can't help. I (9. am telling / 'll tell) him you called. I (10. taking / am going to take) my lunch break now. I hope that you (11. are excusing / 'll excuse) me.
- Of course. I'm sorry to have bothered you. Today (12. will being / is going to be) very busy.
- Good bye and thank you for your call.

**G) Choisissez la bonne réponse.**

1. I am write / I am going to write some letters this evening.
2. He is going / will go hitchhiking next month.
3. What will you do / are you doing tomorrow?
4. I often wonder what the future will hold / is holding.
5. Her horoscope said "you will meet / you are meeting a tall handsome stranger.
6. I'd like to book a table please. We are / will be four.
7. As soon as he gets / will get here can you show him into my office?
8. I'm sure that next year people are wearing / will wear miniskirts.
9. What are your friends going to do / do when they leave school?
10. I don't think the plane will leave / I think the plane won't leave.

**H) Mots cachés. Imaginez la bonne réponse (on vous donne le verbe).**

1. When the plane takes off, (sit) \_\_\_\_\_ on the tarmac for 3 hours!
2. Don't come at 12 o'clock, (eat) \_\_\_\_\_.
3. You can come at 2 o'clock, (eat) we \_\_\_\_\_.
4. I'm sorry, I (ring) \_\_\_\_\_ you but I just ran out of time.
5. By the time we get to the hotel we (drive) \_\_\_\_\_ for 10 hours!
6. (go) \_\_\_\_\_ to the post office later? Yes, I will. Could you post my letter for me then?
7. Shall we invite the guests for 8pm? Yes, we (should / get) \_\_\_\_\_ everything ready by then.
8. I can't come to the hunt I'm afraid, I (work) \_\_\_\_\_ all weekend.
9. I (wash) \_\_\_\_\_ the dog today but it's too cold outside at the moment.
10. The author has promised that he (do) \_\_\_\_\_ the proofreading by the end of the week.

**I) Quel temps faut-il? Choisissez la bonne réponse.**

1. I'm so thirsty I must have a glass of water.....  
a) I've been playing tennis.                      b) I'd been playing tennis.
2. There was an awful smell in the hotel room – people.....  
a) have been eating French fries.              b) had been eating French fries.
3. He found a job last week. It's great news because up to then he .....  
a) hadn't worked for a long time .              b) hasn't worked for a long time.
4. We ..... to see the new Bob Beauty film – have you?  
a) have been    b) have being
5. Where's Joe? I need him to give me a hand. He's..... to lunch.  
a) been    b) gone
6. Look – she's covered in paint! She ..... the ceiling.  
a) had been painting                                  b) has been painting
7. When we got to the wedding reception they ..... for 3 hours, and they carried on!  
a) had been drinking                                  b) have been drinking
8. I'm worried about Jim's report. It's due today. Don't worry, he ....., it's ready.  
a) had done it    b) has done it
9. What do you think is the answer to this riddle? I've no idea, ..... about it for hours!  
a) I've been thinking                                  b) I'd been thinking
10. When the high speed train arrived at last, the passengers.....  
a) had been waiting 2 hours.                      b) have been waiting 2 hours.

## USED TO / WOULD – BE / GET USED TO

### A) Choisissez la bonne réponse.

1. He would / use to drive much too fast on his way home every evening.
2. She has got used to living / live on her own.
3. He used to / would have a beard, now he's clean-shaven.
4. Didn't you use / used to live in Singapore?
5. They have a dairy farm so they're used to getting / get up at 5 every morning.
6. You never used to watching / watch so much television.
7. He's gone on a gluten-free diet. He will have to get used to eaten / eating no bread.
8. We didn't used / use to visit museums and art galleries, but we have time now we're retired.
9. I didn't know that they used / use to collect antique artefacts.
10. Did Peter use / used to go hunting or shooting? I know he doesn't do either any more.

### B) Traduisez les phrases suivantes. Utilisez "have lunch".

1. Elle est en train de déjeuner – elle déjeune tout les jours à 12h30.
2. Elle s'est mise à déjeuner quand ses amis sont arrivés.
3. Elle était en train de déjeuner quand ses amis sont arrivés.
4. Elle déjeunait à 12h00 avant, maintenant elle déjeune à 12h30.
5. Elle était habituée à déjeuner à 12h00.
6. Elle s'est habituée à déjeuner à 12h30.
7. Elle a déjà déjeuné (mais on ne sait pas à quel moment).
8. On voit des miettes sur sa table – elle vient de déjeuner.
9. Elle avait fini de déjeuner avant que ses amis arrivent.
10. On voyait les miettes sur la table hier – elle venait de déjeuner.

## VERBES À PARTICULES

### A) VERBES À PARTICULES POUR COMMUNIQUER

Complétez les phrases à l'aide des mots suivants : back, in, in, off, on, on, out, through, up, up

1. I was speaking to my mother and we were cut \_\_\_\_\_ .
2. Could you please hand \_\_\_\_\_ these files as the visitors arrive?
3. Mr Jones is on the phone, could you please hold \_\_\_\_\_ a minute?
4. I think we need a lawyer to draw \_\_\_\_\_ the contract properly.
5. I can't hear a word you are saying, could you speak \_\_\_\_\_ please?
6. I think I'm going to put \_\_\_\_\_ for that job, it looks really interesting.
7. To apply for your driver's license you need to fill \_\_\_\_\_ this form.
8. Before signing the contract, read \_\_\_\_\_ the small print carefully.
9. It says "please forward" on the envelope so we should send the letter \_\_\_\_\_ .
10. Sorry, I'm busy right now. Can I ring you \_\_\_\_\_ later?

### B) VERBES À PARTICULES POUR LES RÉUNIONS

Choisissez la bonne réponse.

1. Do you think we could \_\_\_\_\_ the meeting to Monday rather than Wednesday?  
a) bring forward      b) bring to
2. We're so disappointed; the sales conference has been \_\_\_\_\_ .  
a) signed off      b) called off
3. I would just like to \_\_\_\_\_ that you have been late for every meeting this month.  
a) point to      b) point out
4. Who is going to \_\_\_\_\_ the minutes of the meeting?  
a) take down      b) take up
5. We seem to have \_\_\_\_\_ a sticking point, we must find a solution.  
a) come up against      b) come up to
6. Could we \_\_\_\_\_ the meeting for some time next week? I'm so busy at the moment.  
a) set in      b) set up
7. I'm sorry sir, but I don't think that you're \_\_\_\_\_ .  
a) getting the message across      b) getting the message in
8. I hate to \_\_\_\_\_ a sensitive subject, but we ought to talk about salaries.  
a) bring up      b) bring out
9. We discussed all this last week; you can't \_\_\_\_\_ our agreement now.  
a) back through      b) back out of
10. John, I'm the chairman of this meeting, please don't try to \_\_\_\_\_ .  
a) take down      b) take over

### C) VERBES À PARTICULES POUR LES FINANCES

Complétez les phrases à l'aide des mots suivants : add up, average out, come into, count up, cut down on, make out, pay back, put up, run out of, take out

1. \_\_\_\_\_ your pennies and your pounds will look after themselves.
2. Gosh, it doesn't half \_\_\_\_\_ does it? Electricity, gas, maintenance....
3. Could you please \_\_\_\_\_ what you have owed us for the past 6 months?
4. That shop has made a big mistake. They've \_\_\_\_\_ their prices again.
5. You can tell he's just \_\_\_\_\_ a huge sum of money; he's got an enormous new car.
6. I'm sorry I haven't got a brass bean left. I've completely \_\_\_\_\_ money.
7. Our running costs are really too much. We'll have to \_\_\_\_\_ our heating bills.
8. Could you please \_\_\_\_\_ the cheque in the name of Mr Brian Bliss?
9. Sarah has just gone to the ATM to \_\_\_\_\_ some cash.
10. We need to \_\_\_\_\_ these statistics to get a fair look at their performance.

#### D) VERBES À PARTICULES POUR LES VOYAGES

Choisissez la bonne réponse.

1. Mr Big Boss will need to be \_\_\_\_\_ at the airport before 9am.  
a) dropped off                      b) taken off                      c) filled up
2. I don't understand why we're out of gas, I \_\_\_\_\_ the car before we left.  
a) dropped off                      b) taken off                      c) filled up
3. We're too late – look, the plane has already \_\_\_\_\_.  
a) dropped off                      b) taken off                      c) filled up
4. I would like to go to the railway station to \_\_\_\_\_ my niece.  
a) set off                              b) see off                      c) turn round
5. They have \_\_\_\_\_ around the world with just rucksacks on their backs.  
a) set off                              b) see off                      c) turn round
6. You've gone the wrong way I'm afraid. You'll have to \_\_\_\_\_.  
a) set off                              b) see off                      c) turn round
7. I must go now I'm afraid. I have to \_\_\_\_\_ the children at half past four.  
a) get on                              b) pick up                      c) check in
8. Did you know that you can \_\_\_\_\_ on line these days – it's much quicker?  
a) get on                              b) pick up                      c) check in
9. You should \_\_\_\_\_ the bus at the airport and it'll take you right into the town centre.  
a) get on                              b) pick up                      c) check in
10. That's strange. I wasn't told that we were to \_\_\_\_\_ in Dubai for 4 hours.  
a) stop around                      b) stop over                      c) stop under

#### E) VERBES À PARTICULES DES ÉMOTIONS ET DU COMPORTEMENT

Complétez les phrases à l'aide des mots suivants : calm, care, cheer, count, feel, give, groan, put, show, taken

1. Stop being so hysterical! Could you please \_\_\_\_\_ down?
2. I do wish he wouldn't \_\_\_\_\_ off so much. He's no better than anyone else.
3. I really \_\_\_\_\_ up. It's quite impossible to make you understand.
4. I really trust Jim. I know I can \_\_\_\_\_ on him if I ever need a friend.
5. We were completely \_\_\_\_\_ aback when they announced the company closure.
6. It's not all that bad you know. Come on, \_\_\_\_\_ up.
7. I know you're really tired, but do you \_\_\_\_\_ up to coming to the theatre tonight?
8. If you \_\_\_\_\_ at me one more time I'll go crazy. Do stop complaining.
9. He doesn't really \_\_\_\_\_ about the weather. He'll go running in rain or even snow!
10. I don't know how you \_\_\_\_\_ up with your colleague – he's so irritating.

#### F) VERBES À PARTICULES – GÉNÉRAL

Choisissez la bonne réponse.

1. Come in but please \_\_\_\_\_ your muddy boots.  
a) take off                              b) take on                              c) take over
2. Sorry we're so late, but the car \_\_\_\_\_ on the motorway.  
a) broke in                              b) broke on                              c) broke down
3. Oh no there's a power cut and all the lights have \_\_\_\_\_

a) gone down            b) gone out            c) gone on

4. Don't you think you should \_\_\_\_\_ that sweater before you buy it?  
a) try out                    b) try with                    c) try on

5. The effects of the anaesthetic will \_\_\_\_\_ in no time at all.  
a) wear off                    b) wear out                    c) wear in

6. Could you be kind enough to \_\_\_\_\_ the meat for little Jamie?  
a) cut up                    b) cut out                    c) cut into

7. It's really cold outside. I do think you should \_\_\_\_\_ a coat.  
a) put out                    b) put on                    c) put over

8. It would be better to \_\_\_\_\_ the device in the workshop before we buy it.  
a) try out                    b) try on                    c) try over

9. Don't \_\_\_\_\_ that newspaper; I haven't finished reading it yet.  
a) throw over                    b) throw along                    c) throw away

10. Don't you think you should \_\_\_\_\_ on Mary, she's been so quiet all afternoon?  
a) check up                    b) check in                    c) check out